

## **CED ACTION PROPOSAL**

This form can be used by CED Working Groups to propose a CED action to the CED Board.

	WG Oral Health
WG proposing action:	
<b>Title</b> of document, project or event proposed:	CED Recommendation on the Role of the Dentist in the Multidisciplinary Management of Obstructive Sleep Apnea (OSA)
Target (name of EU legislation or initiative to be influenced):	The intention of this paper is not to directly target an existing EU directive. Its aim is to highlight OSA as an integral syndrome under the umbrella of chronic respiratory diseases addressed by EU health policies -as well as-, and to underline the fundamental role of dentists in the wider health team for screening, treatment, and follow-up of OSA.
	Obstructive sleep apnea has been recognised under Directive 2014/85/EU as one of the highest risk factors for road traffic accidents and occupational accidents. Directive 2014/85/EU recognises the effectiveness of OSA treatments in mitigating these risks, and requires medical supervision and regular check-ups, relative to the level of diagnosed OSA.
	OSA is also concerned by other EU legislation tackling non-communicable diseases (NCDs), including the EU "Healthier Together"- EU Non-Communicable Diseases Initiative' (2022-2027, under the EU4Health Programme). Chronic respiratory diseases are established as one of the five strands of the initiative. The EU4Health Programme itself runs until 2027; a successor programme is expected thereafter.
	Furthermore, OSA is often not specifically mentioned within the context of chronic respiratory diseases, such as in the Joint Action on REspiratory Diseases (JARED) launched in January 2025 for a duration of 3 years. This paper therefore aims to highlight the critical need to address OSA distinctly under current and future EU programmes and initiatives on chronic respiratory diseases. Most importantly, increased awareness and understanding of the role and responsibility of dentists in the multidisciplinary treatment of OSA must be advanced.
Justification (how would action promote interests of dental profession in the EU):	The crucial role of dentists in the diagnosis, management, treatment and surveillance of OSA must be put forward to policy makers, public health and other healthcare professionals.
	Obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) is a multi-factorial and complex disease, not curable by a single approach in every patient. Importantly, OSA is more than a simple anatomical condition. It cannot simply be prevented or treated by altering dentofacial structures. Instead, it is a complex interaction of neurological,



	muscular, and physical variables that results in the collapse of the oropharynx (upper airway).  OSA is a life-threatening medical condition affecting an estimated 936 million adults aged between 30 and 69 worldwide (including~425 million with moderate-severe OSA).  The CED has not yet addressed this issue in a policy document, nor has it highlighted the key role of dentists in the diagnosis, monitoring and treatment of OSA.  There is also heterogeneity across MS in the recognition, the issuing of referral protocols, and reimbursement for dental-led OSA therapies. Dentists are central to care when custom, titratable mandibular advancement devices (MADs) are indicated (e.g. for CPAP-intolerant patients or by preference).  This document also underlines the necessity for interdisciplinary collaboration between dentists and other healthcare professionals, as well as the need for professional and institutional support to dentists for the effective management of OSA.  European Commission, European Parliament SANT Committee,
Audience (Commission - specific DG?, Parliament – specific committee?, Council – specific national ministries?):	stakeholders currently involved in the Healthier Together"- EU Non-Communicable Diseases Initiative, and participating Member States and other stakeholders in the Joint Action on REspiratory Diseases (JARED).
Stakeholders to collaborate with:	National dental associations, the European Respiratory Society (ERS)
Deadline for completion:	Before the end of 2025 or at the start of 2026
Evaluation: was it accomplished?	